



PCOS Detection Machine Learning Model

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Abstract

In this Research paper we'll be covering several topics that are related to Full Stack Web Development which is further segmented into two parts- Front-End and Back-End; In which front-end includes various languages and techniques like HTML5, CSS3, Bootstrap5, JavaScript, React.js and back-end include Python, Django, MySQL etc. Now Full Stack Web Development includes many more languages and techniques but in this paper we will be discussing about these topics specifically..

Keywords: Web, Front-end, HTML, CSS, JavaScript, Back-end, Python Programming, MySQL, Server side, Client side, Development, ETC

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1. Introduction

Full Stack Web Development refers to the comprehensive skill set required to create fully functional and dynamic web applications. Full Stack Developers possess expertise in both frontend and backend technologies, allowing them to handle all aspects of web development, from user interface design to server-side scripting and database management. This holistic approach empowers them to build seamless, interactive, and feature-rich websites and web applications that cater to user needs and deliver exceptional user experiences.

In the rapidly evolving digital landscape, where user expectations are high and technologies are constantly advancing, Full Stack Developers are invaluable assets to any development team. They bridge the gap between frontend and backend development, ensuring effective communication and collaboration between different layers of a web application. By understanding the entire development process, Full Stack Developers can optimize performance, troubleshoot issues, and implement innovative solutions, making them versatile professionals in the realm of web development.

Full Stack Web Development encompasses a wide range of technologies and frameworks, including HTML, CSS, JavaScript for frontend development, and languages like Python, Ruby, PHP, and frameworks like Node.js, Django, and Express.js for backend development. Additionally, Full Stack Developers are proficient in working with databases such as MySQL, PostgreSQL, MongoDB, and understand concepts related to web servers, APIs, version control systems, and deployment strategies.

In essence, Full Stack Web Development represents a holistic approach to creating web applications. It

empowers developers to tackle challenges at every stage of the development process, ensuring that the final product is not only visually appealing but also robust, secure, and capable of delivering a seamless user experience. As businesses increasingly rely on web applications to engage with their audience, the demand for skilled Full Stack Developers continues to rise, making it a dynamic and rewarding field within the realm of software development.

2. Components of FS Web Development:

The main components of Full Stack Web Development are:

- Front-end
- Back-end
- Database
- Version Control

2.1 Front-end

Frontend development in web development focuses on creating the visual and interactive elements of a website that users directly interact with. It involves using technologies such as HTML, CSS, and JavaScript to design the layout, style, and behaviour of web pages. Frontend developers ensure that websites are visually appealing, user-friendly, and responsive across various devices and screen sizes. They often work closely with designers to implement the user interface (UI) and user experience (UX) designs, bringing them to life. With the rise of frontend frameworks like React, Angular, and Vue.js, frontend development has become more dynamic and efficient, allowing developers to build complex, interactive web applications seamlessly. Frontend developers play a critical role in creating engaging online

experiences and are essential in shaping a website's aesthetics and functionality.



Fig 1. Front-End Web D

2.2 Back-end

Backend development in web development focuses on the server-side of applications, handling databases, server logic, and ensuring smooth functionality. Backend developers work with server-side languages like Python, Ruby, PHP, or Node.js to process data, manage user accounts, and handle requests from the frontend. They create APIs (Application Programming Interfaces) that allow frontend and backend systems to communicate. Backend developers are responsible for ensuring data security, optimizing server performance, and handling server configurations. They work closely with databases, integrating and structuring data to support the frontend's requirements. In essence, backend development forms the backbone of web applications, enabling them to perform complex tasks and deliver dynamic content to users.

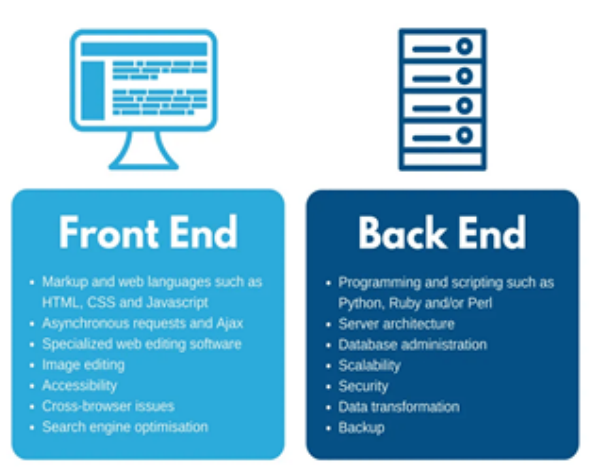


Fig 2. Front-end VS Back-end

2.3 Database

Databases in web development serve as the foundational repositories where applications store, manage, and retrieve data. They come in various types, including relational databases like MySQL and PostgreSQL, and NoSQL databases like MongoDB and Cassandra. Databases are crucial for web applications, enabling

structured storage of user information, content, and transaction data. Backend developers interact with databases through queries, ensuring data integrity and efficient retrieval. Databases are vital for e-commerce platforms, social networks, and any application requiring persistent data storage. They play a pivotal role in shaping user experiences, enabling personalized content, and ensuring seamless functionality across web applications.

2.4 Version Control

Version Control (with Git) is an essential practice in web development, allowing developers to track changes, collaborate seamlessly, and maintain code integrity. Git enables developers to create different branches for features or bug fixes, ensuring that multiple team members can work concurrently without conflicts. Developers can review changes, revert to previous versions, and merge branches, fostering efficient collaboration. GitHub and GitLab are popular hosting platforms that leverage Git, facilitating remote collaboration and open-source contribution. Git's decentralized nature provides redundancy and security, making it indispensable for large-scale projects where code integrity, collaboration, and history tracking are critical.

3. History and Evolution of web development

- The World Wide Web was developed in the early 1990s, and web development began with simple HTML which is Hypertext Markup Language documents that twisted static web pages. These pages are mostly comprised of text and hyperlinks.
- Cascading Style Sheets (CSS) were introduced, and it is permitting developers to control the presentation and layout of web pages. Dynamic content generation through CGI (Common Gateway Interface) scripts started to appear, enabling more collaborative web experiences.
- JavaScript was presented as a client-side scripting language and allows the creation of dynamic and interactive web pages. This era saw the birth of AJAX (Asynchronous JavaScript and XML), allowing web pages to modernize content without full page reloads.
- Technologies like PHP, ASP.NET, Java Servlets, and Ruby on Rails gained admiration for server-side scripting. These technologies permitted web developers to build dynamic web applications that interrelated with databases and produced content on the server.
- Frameworks such as Ruby on Rails, Django (Python), and ASP.NET MVC (C#) simplified web development by providing pre-built structures and resolutions. Frameworks like jQuery emerged to streamline client-side scripting.

- With the manufacturing of mobile devices, web development moved towards mobile-first design principles and quick to respond web design. Developers concentrated on creating web applications that were enhanced for various screen sizes.

Advantages of Full Stack Web Development:

1. End-to-End Expertise: Full stack developers are proficient in both frontend and backend technologies, enabling them to handle every aspect of web development. This comprehensive knowledge streamlines communication and collaboration between different project components.
2. Cost-Effective: Hiring a full stack developer can be more cost-effective than hiring separate specialists for frontend and backend development. One skilled professional can handle multiple tasks, reducing the overall development cost for businesses.
3. Faster Development: Full stack developers can work on both frontend and backend tasks, leading to faster development cycles. They can implement features seamlessly, reducing the time taken to integrate different components of a web application.
4. Efficient Problem-Solving: Full stack developers have a holistic understanding of the entire application architecture. This knowledge allows them to identify issues quickly, troubleshoot efficiently, and implement effective solutions, ensuring the smooth functioning of the entire system.
5. Flexibility and Adaptability: Full stack developers are versatile and adaptable. They can easily switch between frontend and backend tasks based on project requirements, making them valuable assets for projects with evolving needs.

Disadvantages of Full Stack Web Development:

1. Limited Specialization: Full stack developers may lack deep expertise in specific areas like frontend design or complex backend optimizations. Specialized tasks might not be as finely tuned as they would be with dedicated specialists.
2. Overwhelming Scope: The breadth of technologies and tools in full stack development can be overwhelming. Keeping up with the latest trends and mastering multiple frameworks can be time-consuming and challenging.

3. Time Constraints: Full stack developers might face time constraints when working on both frontend and backend tasks simultaneously. This could potentially lead to rushed or less polished work in one area due to the demands of the other.

4. Less Focus on UI/UX: Full stack developers, especially those more inclined toward backend technologies, might not prioritize UI/UX design, leading to user interfaces that are functional but lack the finesse of specialized designers.

5. Maintenance Challenges: When a full stack developer leaves a project, the team replacing them might find it challenging to decipher and maintain the codebase if it lacks proper documentation or if coding practices are not uniform.

Conclusion:

In conclusion, Full Stack Web Development stands as a powerful and versatile approach in the ever-evolving digital landscape. With the ability to bridge the gap between frontend and backend technologies, Full Stack Developers play a crucial role in creating innovative, seamless, and interactive web applications. Their comprehensive skill set, encompassing various programming languages, frameworks, and tools, empowers them to tackle complex challenges and deliver holistic solutions. While there are challenges, such as balancing depth of expertise and the vastness of technologies, Full Stack Development remains a cornerstone in the world of software development, enabling businesses to create robust and user-friendly digital experiences.

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